AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 19, 1997 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 16, 1997 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 14, 1997

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—1997-98 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 898

Introduced by Assembly Member Napolitano

February 27, 1997

An act to add Section 15364.56 to the Government Code, relating to tourism.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 898, as amended, Napolitano. Tourism: commemoration of Japanese American fishing community.

Existing law establishes the Office of Tourism within the and Commerce Agency. Under existing California Welcome Center may be designated according to conditions established by the Office of Tourism, and a state historical landmark or point of historical interest may be designated pursuant to procedures and criteria established by the State Historical Resources Commission. The existing **Policy Tourism** Act includes among purposes its encouragement of the preservation and use of California and scenic environments to enhance California's appeal as a destination for domestic and international tourism.

This bill would make findings and declarations relating to the fishing community known as Fish Harbor, which was occupied by Japanese American fishermen prior to the AB 898 — 2 —

bombing of Pearl Harbor, at which time its residents were removed to internment camps. The bill would require the Office of Tourism to establish a fund for the creation of a Japanese American Fishing Village Memorial Visitors Center, to be located at Terminal Island, at Worldport Los Angeles, and would declare legislative intent provide that a minimum of \$148,000 shall be made available, upon appropriation in the Budget Act, from the General Fund for this purpose, contingent upon receipt of a minimum of at least \$1,000 in matching funds from private sources. The bill would also direct the Port of Los Angeles to make every effort to be designated apply for designation as a California Welcome Center at any suitable site, and as a state historical landmark or point of historical interest, as specified.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares as 2 follows:
- 3 (a) In 1901, former fishermen from Japan formed a 4 community near San Pedro.
- 5 (b) In 1905, they settled on Terminal Island. This was 6 a fishing community, known at the time as Fish Harbor.
- 7 (c) The community grew and prospered until it 8 numbered nearly 3,000 Japanese American fishermen, 9 fish-cannery workers, merchants, and residents at its 10 peak.
- 11 (d) By the 1930s there were at least eight canneries, 12 commercial and naval shipyards, oil tanks, steamship 13 berths, 60 stores and shops, an elementary school, a 14 Baptist mission, a Shinto shrine and a Buddhist temple.
- 15 (e) After the bombing of Pearl Harbor, rumors began 16 to circulate that the village on Fish Harbor was a spy 17 colony, and as a result all people of Japanese descent, 18 including American citizens, were evicted from the 19 island at gunpoint on February 25, 1942.
- 20 (f) With only 48 hours notice, the Japanese American 21 residents of Terminal Island were sent to internment

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camps in a remote and barren mountain area, with only 2 the possessions they could carry with them.

- residents imprisoned (g) While the were internment camps for the next four years, their homes were looted, then bulldozed, their fishing boats were repossessed or stolen, and their fishing nets rotted.
- (h) Terminal Island was later turned into a military base, and the fishing village was never rebuilt.
- (i) Today, there are still 778 paying members of the 10 Terminal Islanders Club that continue to hold annual reunions around Los Angeles County.
- (i) The Japanese American National Museum in Los 13 Angeles held a very popular exhibition in 1994 called "An 14 Island in Time: The Terminal Island Story," and this exhibition highlighted the Fish Harbor community and 16 the innovations in fishing that the Japanese Americans contributed to the industry.
 - (k) The California Tourism Policy Act encourages "the preservation and use of California Historic and Scenic environments to enhance the State's appeal as a destination for domestic and international tourism."
 - SEC. 2. Section 15364.56 is added to the Government Code, to read:
 - 15364.56. (a) (1) The Office of Tourism shall establish a fund for the creation of a Japanese American Fishing Village Memorial Visitors Center, to be located at Terminal Island, at Worldport Los Angeles.
 - (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that a minimum
 - (2) A minimum of one hundred forty-eight thousand dollars (\$148,000) shall be made available, appropriated upon appropriation in the Budget Act, from the General Fund for purposes of this section, contingent on the receipt of a minimum of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in matching funds generated from the private sector.
- (b) The Office of Tourism shall request, and the 37 Department of Transportation shall install and maintain, a highway sign that identifies the location of the Japanese American Fishing Village Memorial Visitors Center.
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(b) (1) To the extent practicable and feasible, the 2 Port of Los Angeles shall make every effort to be designated apply for designation as a California Welcome 4 Center at any suitable site, including Ports O'Call, the 5 Japanese American Fishing Village Memorial Visitors 6 Center, or any other location deemed appropriate within the Port of Los Angeles, provided that the Port of Los 8 Angeles, in consultation with the Office of Tourism, determines that it can meet all criteria for the Welcome 10 Center program, including the need to be self-funded, sited in an appropriate location, and meeting the 12 long-term interests of the state, pursuant to Section 13 15334.3.

- (2) To the extent practicable and feasible, the Port of 15 Los Angeles shall make every effort to be designated 16 apply for designation as a state historical landmark or point of historical interest, as appropriate, pursuant to 17 18 Article 2 (commencing with Section 5020) of Chapter 1 19 of Division 5 of the Public Resources Code.
- 20 (c) If the Japanese American Fishing Village site is 21 designated a state historical landmark or point of 22 historical interest, the Office of Tourism shall request the 23 Office of Historic Preservation within the Department of 24 Parks and Recreation and the Department 25 Transportation to immediately install and maintain a 26 highway sign that identifies the location of the Japanese 27 American Fishing Village Memorial Visitors Center.
- 28 (d) If the Japanese American Fishing Village site is 29 designated a California Welcome Center, the Office of 30 Tourism shall request the Department of Transportation 31 to immediately install and maintain a highway sign that 32 identifies the location of the Japanese American Fishing 33 Village Memorial Visitors Center.